

Right Form of Verb

- Some Common Rules
- Practice





Finite Verb

- **Modal verbs** [shall, should, will would, can could, may, might, must, ought to, use to need, dare, have to, has to, had to, am to, is to, are to] + **base form of verb**.
EXAMPLE:
 He **can run** fast.
 You **must give** up smoking.
 You **should help** the blind.
- **Modal verbs** [shall, should, will would, can could, may, might, must, ought to, use to need, dare, have to, has to, had to, am to, is to, are to] + **be + Past participle of verb**.
EXAMPLE:
 Necessary steps **should be taken** to control adulteration.
- [had better, had rather, would better, would rather, would sooner.] + **base form of verb**.
EXAMPLE:
 I **had better die** than live in disgrace.
- Imperative sentence starts with **base form of verb**.
EXAMPLE:
Hold your tongue.
- wish, fancy + **past form of verb**.
EXAMPLE
 I fancy I **turned** a trifle pale.
- wish, fancy + **be verb (were)**.
EXAMPLE
 I wish I **were** a bird.
 I fancy I **turned** a trifle pale.
 I wish I **were** a child again.
- Would that + **sub + could**.
EXAMPLE
 Would that I **could** help him.
- it is time, it is high time + subject + **past form of verb**.
EXAMPLE:
 It is high time you **studied** hard.
- have, has, had, get, got, having, being + **Past participle of verb**.
EXAMPLE:
 He **has stolen** my watch.
 I **got admitted** to Dhaka College.
Having finished my homework, I went to watch TV.
- **No continuous form:**
 Appear, agree, believe, belong to, consider, consist of, contain, deny, desire, disagree, dislike, feel, recognize, forget, hate, hear, hope, imagine, know, like, look, love, prefer, promise, refuge, remember, see, seem, smell, suppose, surprise, think, understand, want, wish.
Example:
 The watch belongs to me.

- **Think, have, be, see, smell, taste** can be used in the continuous tense with a change of meaning or when they are in action.

Example:

He is thinking to go to Australia.

Passive voice:

Sub + auxiliary verb + past participle of main verb + by / at/with/to + ob

Active	Passive [auxiliary verb]
present indefinite	am ,is, are
am ,is, are, was, were	[am ,is, are, was, were] + being
have, has, had	[have, has, had] + been
[have, has, had] + been	[have, has, had] + been being
past indefinite	was, were
modal verb	modal verb + be

EXAMPLE:

- English is spoken all over the world.
- At present women are being appointed in teaching.

Indirect speech will be changed as directed following table.

Direct [tense of reported clause]	Indirect [tense of reported speech]
present indefinite	past indefinite
am, is, are	was, were
have, has	had
past indefinite	past perfect [sub + had + past participle of verb]
was, were	had been
shall, will, can, may,	would, could, might

To remember:

- If the reporting verb is present/ future, the tense of reported clause will not be changed.
- If the reported clause expresses universal truth or habitual fact, the tense of reported clause will not be changed.

EXAMPLE:

- He told me that he would not go to college yesterday.
- He said that the sun rises in the east.

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NON FINITE VERB

USE OF BASE FORM OF VERB / INFINITIVE:

RULES	EXAMPLE
• To + base form of verb.	• She likes to dance with me.
• Bare infinitive [bid, behold, feel, find, hear,, know, let, make, notice, see, watch, help, understand, love, observe.] + base form of verb.	• She made us laugh . • I saw him cross the road. • We watched the ship sink .
• See, watch, help, feel, + object + (person) + v1/ v+ing	• I saw him stealing the book

USE OF PAST PARTICIPLE FORM OF VERB:

RULES	EXAMPLE
• Past participle of verb will be used as an adjective.	• He is a retired teacher .
• A past participle can function as an adjective phrase to describe a noun placed before it. [If the sentence is passive voice.]	• The eggs bought yesterday are rotten .

USE OF ING FORM OF VERB:

RULES	EXAMPLE
• Verb + ing , the beginning of the sentence.	• Sleeping is necessary to life.
• stop, finish, prefer, avoid, like + ing of verb .	• Stop writing .
• look forward to, addicted to, with a view to, get used to, be used to, dedicated to, accustomed to, objection to, incentive to, averse to, tried to + ing of verb .	• I came here with a view to meeting with your father.
• cannot help, would you mind, mind, worth+ ing of verb .	• Would you mind having a cup of tea?
• preposition [on, in, at, of, for, from, into, within, after, before, without, by, etc.] + ing of verb .	• Without working hard, you will not shine in life. • He is fond of eating sweets.
• ing of verb will be used as an adjective .	• Don't try to get down from a running bus .
• if two verbs are used in a simple sentence, the non-finite verb will be ing of verb .	• He lay on the bed smiling . • She came here dancing .
• verb+ing can function as an adjective phrase to describe a noun placed before it.	• The girl dancing on the stage is my sister.
• verb+ing can be used as a substitute for an adverb clause in a simple sentence.	• Opening the door , she went out.
• while + ing of verb	• Don't gossip while reading .
• while + sub + past continuous tense .	• I met him while I was walking

CONJUNCTION:

RULES	EXAMPLE
• Hardly/scarcely had + past participle of verb + when + past ind.	• Scarcely had she fallen asleep when she had a dream.
• No sooner had + past participle of verb + than + past ind.	• No sooner had the police reached than the burglars fled.
• Though/although/as soon as/ and/(both sentences bear the same tense)	• As soon as he saw me, he ran away.
• Present ind/present perfect + since/as/as though/as if + past ind.	• Ten years have passed since I met him last.
• Past ind + since/as/as though/as if + past perfect.	• Ten years passed since I had met him last.
• To denote cause both sentences will be same tense conjuncted with since /as/when.	• Since they played well, they won the match.
• As though/as if / wish + sub + were [be verb]	• He talks as if he were mad. • I wish I were a child again.
• Lest + sub + should/could + base form of verb.	• Walk fast lest you should miss the train.
• If / unless / provided + present ind + future ind	• If you read more, you will learn more.
• If / unless / provided + past ind + sub + would + base form of verb.	• If he studied well, he would pass in the examination.
• If / unless / provided + past perfect + sub + would have + past participle of verb.	• If you had walked faster, you would have not missed the train.
• Past perfect + before + past indefinite	• The patient had died before the doctor went away
• Future perfect + before + present indefinite	• I'll have reached college before the rain starts.
• Past indefinite + after + past perfect	• The patient died after the doctor had gone.
• future indefinite + after + present perfect	• I'll go to play after I have finished my reading.

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RIGHT FORM OF VERB (PRACTICE)

1. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box:

Once upon a time there (a) _____ (be) a king who was very fond of (b) _____ (know) his future from the astrologers. A famous astrologer happened to (c) _____ (stop) at his capital on his way to Benares. The king (d) _____ (call) on him to know about his future and the astrologer (e) _____ (tell) him something unpleasant. At this the king got furious and (f) _____ (condemn) him to death. But another thought (g) _____ (cross) his mind before the astrologer (h) _____ (remove) for execution. He asked, "How long would you live?" with a ready wit the astrologer said. "The stars declare that I (i) _____ (die) only a week before your death. So, I shall wait to receive your majesty where you have (j) _____ (send) me."

2. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box:

Human life (a) _____ (be) not static but dynamic. A man (b) _____ (reach) the highest peak of success if he (c) _____ (participate) in extra co-curricular activities. Traveling is also an important part of co-curricular activities. It is traveling which (d) _____ (enrich) our knowledge and (e) _____ (promote) our attitudes. Therefore, traveling (f) _____ (provide) us with knowledge and practical experience. It can be clearly (g) _____ (say) that our knowledge can (h) _____ (mobilize) by traveling the different corners of the vast globe. Travelling not only enriches our knowledge but also (i) _____ (give) us much pleasure. So it should (j) _____ (form) as one of our hobbies.

3. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box

Idleness (a) _____ (bring) destruction for anyone. There is a proverb (b) _____ (regard) idleness that idleness is the conspiracy of the evil. It is similar to destructive power in the sense that power still (c) _____ (destroy) everything. Those who are idle can never (d) _____ (shine) in life because idleness (e) _____ (close) the gate of prosperity. The gate of prosperity can be (f) _____ (open) when one (g) _____ (work) hard. An idle brain (h) _____ (know) as a devil's workshop because many bad and harmful thoughts (i) _____ (occur) in an idle brain. We should always try our best to (j) _____ (remove) idleness.

4. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

From my childhood I have been thinking of (a) _____ (become) a doctor. One of my uncles is a doctor. I (b) _____ (see) him treating patients (c) _____ (suffer) from serious diseases. He is highly (d) _____ (honour) by everyone. It is really a matter of great joy for anyone to be of use to people in their moments of misery. I myself (e) _____ (have) a liking for (f) _____ (nurse) the ill. After (g) _____ (pass) the Higher Secondary Examination I (h) _____ (wish) to get myself admitted into a Medical College. A good doctor is an asset to the society. He (i) _____ (earn) a lot of money and at the same time (j) _____ (render) valuable service to the country.

5. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

It was a dark night. A blind man (a) _____ (walk) along a road. He (b) _____ (have) a lamp in his hand. Two men (c) _____ (laugh) at him. One of them (d) _____ (say), "What (e) _____ (be) the use of a lamp to a blind man?" The other (f) _____ (call) the blind man a fool. The blind man (g) _____ (hear) this. He said, "The lamp's not for me. It's for those people who are careless. They'll (h) _____ (see) me in dark. The lamp (i) _____ (show) them the way." They (j) _____ (feel) sorry for their foolishness.

6. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

A very important event in my life (a) _____ (happen) last week. I (b) _____ (go) on my first train journey to Khulna where my uncle (c) _____ (live) with his family. I (d) _____ (leave) home early in the morning, (e) _____ (buy) a ticket and got into the train. Suddenly the train (f) _____ (blow) its whistle and I (g) _____ (jump). I (h) _____ (want) to put my head out of the train window, but some passengers (i) _____ (forbid) me. "It's dangerous", they said. I saw farmers (j) _____ (work) in the fields.

7. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Once there lived a poor man. He could hardly (a)_____ (maintain) his family because he (b)_____ (have) any land for cultivation. One day he (c)_____ (buy) a wonderful goose. The goose (d)_____ (lay) a golden egg every day. In a few months he (e)_____ (become) rich. But he (f)_____ (be) a very greedy man. He thought that there (g)_____ (be) many more eggs in the belly of the goose. He wanted to (h)_____ (get) all the eggs at a time. So one day he (i)_____ (kill) the goose and cut its belly open with a knife, But alas! There was no egg! Thus the greedy farmer (j)_____ (lose) useful goose.

8. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

One day a scholar (a)_____ (cross) a river with a boat. Suddenly a ghastly wind (b)_____ (begin) to blow. The scholar (c)_____ (tremble) with fear. The boatman (d)_____ (say) to him, "Do you (e)_____ (know) how to swim?" The answer from the scholar (f)_____ (be) in negative. Then the boatman said, "Very soon you (g)_____ (go) to be (h)_____ (drown). You (i)_____ (have) a lot of academic knowledge but it (j)_____ (come) to use at this moment.

9. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

There was a dishonest man in a village who (a)_____ (do) all sorts of mischief to the villagers. But when he did any evil he (b)_____ (say) that God had it (c)_____ (do) by him. One night the man (d)_____ (steal) some mangoes from the garden his neighbor. The owner of the garden (e)_____ (see) him stealing mangoes and (f)_____ (hurry) to the garden having (g)_____ (reach) the garden he (h)_____ (take) a stick and continued (i)_____ (beat) the dishonest man. Then the man said to him, "What have I done to (j)_____ (deserve) it?"

10. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Eve-teasing has (a)_____ (be) a panic in our country. It (b)_____ (refer) to some certain treatment towards the female persons mainly on their way which is dishonorable for them. A girl certainly (c)_____ (feel) insecure when she (d)_____ (face) such odd situation in life. Such adverse situation (e)_____ (lead) her to either commit suicide or at least to (f)_____ (discontinue) her study. Moreover, the existing law is not sufficient to prevent the social malady. We should create social awareness now. But at the same time, a female of the society must be decent both in her movement and dress. Government is (g)_____ (try) to prevent eve-teasing. It has already (h)_____ (empower) the mobile court. The court has (i)_____ (work) to prevent eve-teasing by (j)_____ (give) immediate punishment to the criminal in eve-teasing.

11. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Once I (a)_____ (experience) a full moonlit night. I (b)_____ (prepare) lesson in my reading room. Suddenly I noticed that the heavenly light of the moon (c)_____ (enter) into my room. I could not help (d)_____ (be) surprised. I (e)_____ (come) out of my reading room and sat on the lawn. To me nature (f)_____ (appear) in her magic beauty. Her objects (g)_____ (seem) to flash with heavenly radiance. I found a kind of harmony between the world and the heaven. People (h)_____ (sit) in the yard and (i)_____ (enjoy) themselves (j)_____ (gossip).

12. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Today we (a)_____ (be) a free nation. We (b)_____ (have) to take great pains to gain freedom. Our War of Liberation (c)_____ (take) place in 1971. People of all walks of life (d)_____ (come) forward and got (e)_____ (involve) in the war directly or indirectly. Many a man (f)_____ (kill) in the battle fields. They (g)_____ (flee) from the battle fields (h)_____ (show) their backs. Rather all of them (i)_____ (contribute) much to (j)_____ (achieve) independence.

13. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Today woman are (a)_____ (play) important role in all spheres of life. They are no longer (b)_____ (confine) within the four walls of their parent's or their husband's house. They have come out of their kitchens and (c)_____ (work) hand in hand with man in all the development programmers of the

government. By (d)_____ (receive) higher education they are (e)_____ (become) pilots, doctors, engineers, teachers, administrators etc. Their worth (f)_____ (have) already (g)_____ (prove) by them. They are (h)_____ (contribute) much to the true development of the country that (i)_____ (be) never possible (j)_____ (keep) half of the population idle at time.

14. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Bangladesh is afflicted with lots of problems. Among them child labour is an acute one. Today millions of children are (a)_____ (engage) in various odd jobs. Today's children are the future adult people. If a large number of our future adults are oppressed and exploited, we can (b)_____ (expect) anything for the nation. The future of our country (c)_____ (depend) upon the children engaged in a number of programmes to (d)_____ (find) a way out of this problem. We believe that the days (e)_____ (be) too far when Bangladesh will be free from child labour. There are strong reasons behind our belief that the govt. is now (f)_____ (lay) emphasis on this issue. Different humanitarian organizations are found (g)_____ (speak) against child labour (h)_____ (prevail) in the country. The editors of different newspapers also (i)_____ (make) a focus on this issue (j)_____ (motivate) people towards banning child labour.

15. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

An ideal teacher knows the art of (a)_____ (teach). He (b)_____ (make) his lessons interesting. His methods (c)_____ (be) convincing and inspiring. An ideal teacher (d)_____ (treat) his students like his own children. He (e)_____ (praise) the good work done by them. If any of students (i)_____ (commit) some mistakes, he is not very harsh to him. He tactfully makes the student (g)_____ (realize) his mistakes. An ideal teacher is never angry with his students. He (h)_____ (behave) well towards all. He (i)_____ (interest) in simple living and high thinking. He never (j)_____ (set) a wrong example before his students.

16. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

A few days ago, I (a)_____ (enjoy) an interesting football match. It was an (b)_____ (excite) match. It (c)_____ (Play) between the top two teams of our country, Abahani and Mohammedan. On the day of the match I (d)_____ (go) to the Dhaka Stadium quite early. I (e)_____ (see) a long line in from of the ticket counter, but I (f)_____ (be) not discouraged to (g)_____ (see) such a huge number of people. Having (h)_____ (see) the crowd I hurried to the ticket counter and (i)_____ (stand) in the line. (j)_____ (think) that I would have to wait for a long time, I grew somewhat angry.

17. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Change is the order of nature because we know the proverb that old order changes (a)_____ (yield) place to the new. So, nothing (b)_____ (remain) new forever. The same we (c)_____ (notice) in entertainment also. Old and traditional forms (d)_____ (change) b new, modified and modern forms of entertainment. Many of them (e)_____ (exist) any longer. Today TV channels and satellite have superseded radio, similarly band and pop music (f)_____ (replace) our popular old songs. Football (g)_____ (lose) its appeal day by day. Cricket and other games (h)_____ (become) more and more popular. Our idea about the popularity of entertainment also (i)_____ (change). We've started (j)_____ (look) upon our forms of all life in a new way.

18. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Bangladesh (a)_____ (be) a developing country like other third world countries. Her economic development (b)_____ (depend) firstly on agriculture and secondly on industry. Though Bangladesh is not (c)_____ (develop) in industry, it (d)_____ (enrich) in garment industries in the recent past years. Now garment industry (e)_____ (be) a promising step. It (f)_____ (give) the opportunity of employment to many people. It (g)_____ (make) great contribution to the development of our country. Bangladesh (h)_____ (export) forty thousand shirts in Germany and earn 01 million US dollar. The income from garments is (i)_____ (increased) day by day. Undoubtedly, it (j)_____ (b) going to be the land mark for the nation.

19. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

The prices of essential commodities (a)_____ (go) up by leaps and bounds. All previous records of high prices (b)_____ (break), fish, meat, chicken, kerosene oil, edible oils and vegetables (c)_____ (sell) at unusual high prices which hit the low income groups most. Though the prices of rice and vegetables (d)_____

(go down recently due to season's new rich and vegetables, one kilo of soyabean oil, sold at take 106 one month back, is now (e)_____ (sell) at 125 take, Similarly, the price of kerosene oil now (f)_____ (bring) sufferings to the villagers. The hoarders are responsible for this. Strict measures (g)_____ (take) by the government to curb the hoarders ill-motive which (h)_____ (create) artificial crisis of essential commodities. Government already (i)_____ (make) open sale arrangement of rice to check the price hike of rice and as such it is now under control. But the prices of sugar, washing soap, onion, garlic and other spices are beyond the capacity of common people. The authorities concerned (j)_____ (look) into the matter and take strict measures so that the prices of essential commodities remain within the reach of common men.

20. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

It is high time we (a)_____ (use) our brain about the curse of dowry. The issues of dowry (b)_____ (have) be considered in view of country's socio-economic, cultural, political circumstances. United efforts (c)_____ (require) to put an end to violence against women. A specific framework must be (d)_____ (draw) up to be (e)_____ (implement). Anyway, we can hope that dowry (f)_____ (come) to an end in the time to come. We dare to (g)_____ (hope) so because our girls are being (h)_____ (educate) day by day. Parents mentality (i)_____ (change) gradually. People (j)_____ (be) more conscious.

21. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

A few days ago, I (a)_____ (enjoy) an interesting football match. It (b)_____ (play) between the top two teams of our country Abahani and Mohammedan. The match (c)_____ (give) me much joy. On the day of the match I (d)_____ (go) to the Dhaka Stadium quite early. I (e)_____ (stand) in the line for a long time and (f)_____ (buy) a ticket. The game was timed to begin at 4:30. The referees and the players (g)_____ (enter) the field in time. The spectators (h)_____ (cheer) the players from all corners of the field. The captains of the two teams came up, shook hands and tossed coin. Soon the referee (i)_____ (blow) off his whistle and the game started. Both the teams (j)_____ (be) equally strong.

22. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

People welcome the rainy season heartily. The sun (a)_____ (shine) hotly in the summer. Ponds lakes and canals get (b)_____ (dry). There is scarcity of water. People have a sign of relief. The rainy season, the sky (c)_____ (remain) cloudy. The earth and the roads (d)_____ (be) wet and muddy. People (e)_____ (move) easily. Bangladesh is mainly an agricultural country. If there is sufficient rain, the joy of the farmers (f)_____ (know) no bounds. They plough their lands and sow seeds in time. Our farmers (g)_____ (reap) a good harvest if there is insufficient rain or if it (h)_____ (rain) in time. Without rainwater jute and paddy cannot grow. The autumn (i)_____ (follow) by winter. Winter (j)_____ (look) gloomy and foggy.

23. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Patriotism is a very noble virtue. It (a)_____ (inspire) a man to do everything just and fair for the well-being and betterment of the country. It (b)_____ (be) the quality that impels a man to sacrifice his own interest, comfort, pleasure and even his life for the sake of his country. Patriotic zeal (c)_____ (make) a man dutiful, energetic and enthusiastic. He (d)_____ (obey) the laws, pays taxes and (e)_____ (think) for the country. Patriotism (f)_____ (teach) a man fellow- feeling, fraternity and love and sympathy for the countrymen. A patriot is also (g)_____ (praise) and (h)_____ (honour) by his countrymen. An unpatriotic man, on the other hand, is an ignoble person. He is self-centered. He (i)_____ (engage) all his time in achieving his mean end. He (j)_____ (cause) harm to the country by his unyielding and reckless activities.

24. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

It was twenty years ago and I (a)_____ (live) in Paris. I had a tiny apartment in the Latin quarters (b)_____ (overlook) a cemetery, and I (c)_____ (earn) barely enough money (d)_____ (keep) body and soul together. She had read a book of mine and (e)_____ (write) to me about it. I answered (f)_____ (thank) her, and presently I (g)_____ (receive) from her another letter (h)_____ (say) that she (i)_____ (pass) thought Paris and (j)_____ (like) to have a chat with me.

25. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

An ideal teacher knows the art of (a)_____ (teach). He (b)_____ (make) his lessons interesting. His methods (c)_____ (be) convincing and inspiring. An ideal teacher (d)_____ (treat) his students like his own children. He (e)_____ (praise) the good work done by them. If any of students (f)_____ (commit) some mistakes, he is

not very harsh to him. He tactfully makes the student (g) _____ (realize) his mistakes. An ideal teacher is never angry with his students. He (h) _____ (behave) well towards all. He (i) _____ (interest) in simple living and high thinking. He never (j) _____ (set) a wrong example before his students.

26. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Patriotism (a) _____ (be) a noble virtue. It (b) _____ (refer) to those qualities which (c) _____ (make) a man great. Patriots (d) _____ (devote) their lives for the well-being of their country. On the contrary, those who (e) _____ (be) devoid of patriotic zeal (f) _____ (be) self-centered ones. They are the vile persons who (g) _____ (feel) no scruples to plot against the country. They should be (h) _____ (mark) well, for they can cause any harm to the country. An unpatriotic person never (i) _____ (hesitate) to exchange the interest of the country for his own interest. But the true patriots are always ready to (j) _____ (dedicate) their lives for the sake of their country.

27. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

"Prevention (a) _____ (to be) better than cure, there (b) _____ (go) the old wise saying. It is extremely difficult and sometimes impossible to (c) _____ (recover) health if it is once lost. Fresh and clean food, water and air are essential to (d) _____ (preserve) health. In order to (e) _____ (ensure) freshness and cleanliness of these things, it is necessary for us to (f) _____ (observe) and parties certain rules of sanitation. By (g) _____ (keep) one's teeth, finger-nails and body clean, by (h) _____ (eat) clean food and (i) _____ (drink) clean water and by breathing clean air, one can (j) _____ (keep) oneself healthy.

28. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Courtesy is a virtue in man. It goes without (a) _____ (say) that courtesy costs nothing but (b) _____ (give) a lot. So you (c) _____ (be) courteous. That is you (d) _____ (have) politeness. People (e) _____ (disrespect) and dislike you if you are discourteous. Nobody likes discourtesy. Try to be gentle from your student life. You (f) _____ (win) the heart of your enemy by (g) _____ (be) courteous. You (h) _____ (ensure) the removal of hatred and anger by (i) _____ (embrace) your enemy. Courtesy (j) _____ (remove) the bitter relationship and improve mutual understanding.

29. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Most of the students of our country are very weak in English. One of the common (a) _____ (cause) is that they always seek only the easy way to pass avoiding basic grammar. Our students are usually accustomed to (b) _____ (memorize) their answers without their proper explanation. Using the right forms of verbs (c) _____ (to be) very important for English Grammar. The grammatical rules (d) _____ (teach) in the classes (e) _____ (revise) again and again properly. This grammatical skill will make them (f) _____ (write) in a proper way. Anyhow, the course system from one class to another is not harmonious either. So, the faulty system needs to (g) _____ (modification). Without solving all of these problems, ultimate success in education sector can never (h) _____ (achievement). Every student (i) _____ (intend) to make a good result must study sincerely. He (j) _____ (need) not think much out of his study.

30. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Everybody (a) _____ (know) that food adulteration is a crime. Adulterated food (b) _____ (to be) poisonous and it (c) _____ (cause) fatal diseases. People (d) _____ (eat) this kind of food (e) _____ (fall) victim to liver diseases, cancer, kidney failure and so on. Some businessman who are avaricious and (f) _____ (run) after money only (g) _____ (do) this heinous work. They (h) _____ (thrive) on the miseries of others. They (i) _____ (deserve) severe punishment. The present govt. (j) _____ (take) certain steps against adulterations.

31. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

My examination (a) _____ (get) very near now. I (b) _____ (enjoy) myself very much at college during this term. I feel sad-to think that the next term (c) _____ (be) my last term in the college. (d) _____ (borrow) quite a lot of books from the college library. Many of those books were completed (e) _____ (include) eight fictions and five novels. Last night, we (f) _____ (follow) to go to the cinema. It is because the film 'Treasure Island' (g) _____ (select) from one of the books we are reading for the exam-It was very interesting to watch the movie.

Many things we (h) _____ (read) about so often really happen before our eyes. I have to pack my belongings today because I (i) _____ (leave) the college hostel tomorrow. It is really painful as I (j) _____ (study) in this college for a couple of years.

32. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Many events of great importance (a) _____ (take) place during the last century. Significant advances were (b) _____ (make) in the fields of science and technology. Many European colonies (c) _____ (gain) independence. The movement for democracy (d) _____ (become) prominent in many parts of the world. Two World Wars (e) _____ (break) out in this century. It also (f) _____ (witness) the misuse of atomic energy. Two cities of Japan were completely (g) _____ (destroy) as a result of the dropping of atom bombs. However, the emergence of Bangladesh as an independent nation (h) _____ (be) a momentous event. After a bloody war of nine months, Bangladesh (i) _____ (bear). Now, we (j) _____ (hold) our heads high in the community of nations.

33. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Flood is a natural calamity. It (a) _____ (visit) our country almost every year. Floods (b) _____ (cause) a great havoc to our crops, house, livestock's etc. During floods, people (c) _____ (become) every helpless, they (d) _____ (not get) food to eat, pure water to drink, medicine for (e) _____ (treat) diseases. During the last flood, the Food Minister (f) _____ (come) to our village. He gave us drinking water and other relief materials. He also (g) _____ (assure) us that we (h) _____ (need) not feel worried because he (i) _____ (be) always with us. Flood is an usual phenomenon and if proper steps (j) _____ (take), we can prevent it to some extent.

34. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Within the last century, the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere (a) _____ (increase) dramatically because people (b) _____ (burn) vast amounts of fossils, coal and petroleum. Average global temperature (c) _____ (to have) also increased by about 0.6 degree Celsius within the past century. Scientists (d) _____ (find) that human activities (e) _____ (be) responsible for at least half of the temperature increase. They (f) _____ (predict) that unless drastic action (g) _____ (take), global temperature (h) _____ (continue) to rise by 1.45 to 0.8 degree Celsius over the next century. This rise in atmospheric temperature will make the polar caps (i) _____ (melt). If it happens, the low lands of many countries including Bangladesh will be (j) _____ (submerge).

35. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

There are many reasons for which many students in our country (a) _____ (fall) in English. That English is a foreign language is main reason. English is as if it (b) _____ (be) a language (c) _____ (mean) for a particular class of people. It (d) _____ (regard) as a sheer wastage of time. They (e) _____ (begin) to cram English as though they (f) _____ (consider) cramming is the only way learn English. But (g) _____ (have) they been earnest in learning English, they (h) _____ (learn) easily. Moreover, they (i) _____ (not motivate) properly. In addition, the textbooks (j) _____ (write) according to the need of the learners.

36. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

The news of your sudden admission into Sylhet Medical College Hospital (a) _____ (take) me aback. I have learnt that you (b) _____ (suffer) from gastric pain for about a week. I (c) _____ (be) beside you in the hospital. But you (d) _____ (know) my test examination (e) _____ (go) on. It (f) _____ (finish) on the 17th instant. Immediately after the examination I (g) _____ (come) to meet you. I (h) _____ (send) my younger brother, Mukul to hand you 'some books. These (i) _____ (help) you to remove your boredom. (j) _____ (not, get) nervous.

Yours sincerely,
Rupak.

37. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Dhaka (a) _____ (be) a very ancient and historical city. It (b) _____ (come) into lime light when Islam Khan (c) _____ (make) Dhaka the seat of Provincial Government in 1612. Present old Dhaka (d) _____ (be) once the heart of Dhaka city. It (e) _____ (visit) by many foreigners. Johnson Road, Minto Road, Fuller Road, North

Brook Road, Walzghat etc. (f) _____ (bear) the memories of those foreigners. Dr. James Waiz (g) _____ (be) the civil surgeon of Dhaka. He (h) _____ (publish) a book named 'Note on the races, castes and trades of Eastern In 1883. The foundation of Curzon Hall (i) _____ (lay) by the then viceroy of India, Lord Curzon in 1904. Dhaka Collegiate School (j) _____ (be) the first govt. school in Dhaka which was established in 1835.

38. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

The growth rate of our economy may (a) _____ (increase) by the women folk of our country. It already (b) _____ (prove) that no development (c) _____ (achieve) without their full participation in economic activities. To bring economic change in the society women's participation in every level must (d) _____ (guarantee) in realities. It (e) _____ (not, deny) that economic underdevelopment is the prime cause for the women destitution. Though many women (f) _____ (engage) in many employment, they (g) _____ (pay) less. Several measures (h) _____ (take) by the United Nations to ensure equality for women everywhere including workplace. Women's contribution is (i) _____ (devalue) not only in the workplace but also in their own houses. Their domestic work (j) _____ (treat) as inferior.

39. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Last week we (a) _____ (go) to Bagerhat with my friend and (b) _____ (have) the opportunity to see the 'Shatgombuj Mosque' which (c) _____ (be) one of the most famous architectural beauties of Bangladesh. The Mosque (d) _____ (build) by Khan. Jahan Ali in 1440. It (e) _____ (stand) on sixty pillars with its seventy-seven 'Gombuj' or domes and not 'Shat' or sixty as the name (f) _____ (suggest). Its walls (g) _____ (be) two meters thick and the interior western wall (h) _____ (decorate) with terracotta flowers and foliage. There (i) _____ (be) also a 'dighi' by the side of the mosque. It (j) _____ (say) that a horse was made to run before digging the 'dighi'.

40. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Idle brain is devil's workshop. If we (a) _____ (waste) out time in idleness, all sorts of evil thoughts will crowd our brain. Idle persons who (b) _____ (kill) their time are burdens on society. They (c) _____ (sit) idle and cherish no high ideal and lofty ambition in life. They not (d) _____ (support) themselves. They (e) _____ (lead) an unhappy life and (f) _____ (suffer) in the long run. There should be time for reading, for office or other work, time for physical exercise, time for recreation and time for prayer. This (g) _____ (indicate) that we should do everything at the right moment. We (h) _____ (lead) a healthy and prosperous life only when we (i) _____ (follow) the routine which we (j) _____ (make) for our guidance.

41. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

The rainy season (a) _____ (have) some demerits too. Sometimes it (b) _____ (rain) heavily for days together. As a result the rivers (c) _____ (overflow their banks and (d) _____ (cause) flood which brings about untold sorrows, sufferings and miseries. There I water everywhere. Roads (e) _____ (become) muddy. Due to incessant rains people (f) _____ (go) out. Normal course of life is (g) _____ (stop). People (h) _____ (be) to use umbrellas and move life boats. Students not (i) _____ (go) to schools and colleges. Different disease like malaria diarrhea, dysentery (j) _____ (break) out in an epidemic form and carry away heavy tolls of human life for occasional flood.

42. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Nobel prizes (a) _____ (award) every year for outstanding achievements in the fields of science, literature and for (b) _____ (promote) world peace. Under this prize, the prize winner (c) _____ (get) a gold medal, a certificate and a large sum of money. This prize (d) _____ (give) to persons with most outstanding contributions in six fields, namely, Physics, Chemistry, Literature, Physiology on Medicine, Peace and Economics (e) _____ (add) in the list in 1969 for the first time. One prize is awarded in each field. If there are more than one recipient of the prize in one field, the prize money is equally (f) _____ (distribute) amongst all the winners. The prize was (g) _____ (institute) by a man who (h) _____ (be) the inventor of the science of destruction. This scientist was Alfred Bernard Nobel. He (i) _____ (bear) in Stockholm on 21st October, 1833 and he (j) _____ (die) on the 10th December 1896.

43. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

There are many reasons for which many students in our country (a) _____ (fall) in English. That English is a foreign language is main reason. English is as if it (b) _____ (be) a language (c) _____ (mean) for a

particular class of people. It (d) _____ (regard) as a sheer wastages of time. They (e) _____ (begin) to cram English as though they (f) _____ (consider) cramming is the only way to learn English. But (g) _____ (have) they been earnest in learning English they could have (h) _____ (learn) it easily. Moreover they are not (i) _____ (motivate) properly. In addition, the text books (j) _____ (not write) according to the need of the learners.

44. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Overconfidence (a) _____ (make) a man reach the goal of life. The lack of determination (b) _____ (lead) one to lose his confidence. You need it in order (c) _____ (overcome) the problems in life. First fix up target in life. Then try sincerely to gain success. (d) _____ (lose) heart, if you fail first. Remember that failure is the pillar of success, whereas success without competition (e) _____ (be not) enjoyable, Determination (f) _____ (keep) you mentally strong and you make preparation for struggle (g) _____ (reach) the goal. Nobody (h) _____ (be) successful in his mission. Failure (i) _____ (make) him more determined (j) _____ (work) with renewed vigor and energy.

45. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

A journey is pleasant to all. A journey by train (a) _____ (be) specially very interesting and enjoyable to me. During the last summer vacation I (b) _____ (make) a journey to Chittagong by train. My uncle (c) _____ (be) a customs officer at the Chittagong Port. There he (d) _____ (live) in a government staff quarter. he (e) _____ (have) two children who are yet (f) _____ (start) their schooling. His wife responsibly (g) _____ (manage) all the household chores. So the environment of the house (h) _____ (be) quite comfortable I (i) _____ (enjoy) (j) _____ (play) with my little cousins at home. Thought they are not much aged, but they are sensible enough.

46. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

Children's fondness for use of computer recently (a) _____ (increase) to a very great extent. Some prefer computer games to other programs. This preference is not a good habit. It (b) _____ (make) them inattentive to studies and very often inactive. So they (c) _____ (keep) bent on computer for long hours together. Children (d) _____ (have) the realization that every action (e) _____ (have) equal reaction and anything (f) _____ (do) excess. If it (g) _____ (use) properly, it (h) _____ (do) more bad than good. (i) _____ (keep) indoors at the desk with computer is a sort of idleness which (j) _____ (be) bad for health.

47. Complete the following text with right forms of the verbs given in the box.

English (a) _____ (speak) all over the world. It (b) _____ (learn) for various reasons. For example, English is the most widely (c) _____ (use) international language. It is necessary (d) _____ (Operate) communication with the foreigners for various purposes. There (e) _____ (be) also certain jobs in the country, which require a good functional knowledge of English. The job of a pilot, a postman, a telephone operator, a tourist guide, a mechanic, a receptionist of an international hotel and executive of a multinational firm etc. are a few of them. We (f) _____ (learn) English for (g) _____ (maintain) international co-operation, trade and commerce. It is essential for all kinds of jobs both at home and abroad. Today organizations need employee who (h) _____ (speak) and write a standard form of English. Besides, it is necessary for higher education. All books on advanced education are mostly (i) _____ (write) in English. In the changing pattern of the global circumstances, the importance of learning English in our country can, in no way (j) _____ ignore.